

STUDY OF MYSTIC PROMPTS SUICIDE

"Order of Fifteen" Rites Unbalanced Broker.

FIANCEE CAUSED HIM TO JOIN

Frank E. Alexander, Philadelphia Broker Who Cut His Throat, Had Delved Deep Into Mysteries of Secret and Became Mentally Deranged—Wife Hopes to Save Him.

Philadelphia, Nov. 30.—Frank Ellwood Alexander, the Philadelphia broker, who tried to kill himself by cutting his throat in the Hotel Junker, in Baltimore, on Monday, was temporarily unbalanced mentally by study of the teaching of the mystic "Order of Fifteen," which was founded by Dr. F. Homer Curtis, a University of Pennsylvania student, a few years ago.

He was led into this sect by his fiancée, Miss Mary Kelley, with whose family he boarded at 5239 Girard avenue, this city. Seeing that he was becoming so deeply engrossed in the mysteries of the theosophic sect, Miss Kelley was married to him secretly on or about April 9 of this year with the sole purpose of leading him back to a normal mental state.

These facts were developed in Baltimore to-day by Mrs. Alexander, formerly Miss Kelley, when she visited the bedside of her husband, who has been struggling for life since he cut his throat.

While the wife's efforts had no effect in drawing his mind from brooding over abstract subjects, his near approach to death, has seemingly brought him to a rational frame of mind. When told that Alexander might live, his wife clasped her hands.

"I'm so glad, so glad," she repeated over and over again. "He surely ought to live, for I married him to save him."

"Joined" Out of Curiosity.

Mrs. Alexander calmly described how she had dipped into the teachings of Curtis, which created such a sensation some time ago when Dr. Charlotte Abbey attacked them on the ground of immorality. She had "joined" largely out of curiosity to see what it was like, and had found the theosophy of Curtis and his teacher, Mme. Blavatsky, intensely fascinating.

She had told Alexander, when only a friend, about it and had induced him also to study it a little. He took it avidly, and then began to devote it to study. Suddenly Miss Kelley was startled when she realized that her pupil had delved further than she had ever had a desire to delve, and that his mind was wrapped up in the teachings of the university student and the others who formed the governing "Great White Lodge."

Then Miss Kelley, in the effort to save him and take him out of the teachings of the sect, married him, but she was unable to draw him back to a rational life. He became more engrossed with the mysteries of his theosophy, and on Monday went to Baltimore after leaving a letter saying he would end his life.

The motto of the "Order of Fifteen" is "Be, dare, and keep silent." According to its principles marriage is not regulated by laws made by man. Civil and religious contracts are not observed or held as being of any worth. There are three grades of marriage. One is a union, of

persons who are physically equal; another higher grade is a union of those who are mentally equal, and the third is a marriage of beings that are spiritually fitted to each other.

CUSTOMS CASES SUSPENDED

Government May Accept Compromise Offers for Undervaluations.

The conferences between Secretary MacVeagh and Assistant Secretary Curtis, Collector Loeb, of New York, and minor officials of the Customs Service over woolen and lining undervaluation cases at New York were suspended late yesterday afternoon.

Officials at the Treasury refused to discuss the cases, but it is known that consideration was given to offers of compromise, which may be accepted. It is probable that all the data may be forwarded to Washington for inspection by Treasury officials and attorneys of the Department of Justice.

Some time ago the government decided that it would proceed criminally in all future cases of the kind now under discussion. Officials do not wish to make an exception now, but do not desire to proceed in the courts unless they are practically assured that they will win.

TAFT CUTS DOWN NAVAL ESTIMATES

Reduces Budget by Nearly Million Dollars.

A reduction of \$500,000 has been made in the naval estimates by order of President Taft. When the estimates from the naval service were sent to the Treasury Department a few weeks ago they reached a total of \$127,016,123.

The reductions were as follows: Under the Bureau of Construction and Repair, \$500,000; under the Bureau of Steam Engineering, \$100,000; and for new buildings, \$399,500. This figure is more than \$500,000 less than the appropriation for the present year.

Secretary of the Navy Meyer yesterday denied the statement that the expenses of the building programme were not included in the navy estimates. This statement was made in several newspapers and attributed to Representative Foss, chairman of the House Committee on Naval Affairs.

"The statement has been made in several papers," said Mr. Meyer, "that the total estimates submitted by the Navy Department for the naval bill for the fiscal year 1911-1912, amounting to \$127,016,123, did not include the estimates for the first year's expenses in the construction of new vessels to be recommended by the Navy Department. This statement is absolutely erroneous."

"As clearly shown by the estimates submitted to Congress and by the recapitulation, the estimates for the naval bill, exclusive of the building programme, amounted to \$118,866,231.24. The first year's expenses for the new building programme are to be recommended by the department amounting to \$13,200,000, bringing the total estimate for the naval bill to \$127,016,123."

DEALERS TO FIGHT AUTO WHEEL TAX

Motorists Say Arrests Will Start Legal War.

Roused by the Commissioners' decision yesterday not to repeal the "wheel tax" on automobiles, dealers and owners in Washington are determined to fight what they consider an unjust and discriminating law. The first enforcement of the law resulting in an arrest, say the motorists, will precipitate the fight that will be carried to the highest court, if necessary.

W. S. Duvall, counsel for the Automobile Club of Washington, said last night that the law was unnecessary and could not be legally enforced.

"We are waiting for the Commissioners to authorize an arrest, and then we will carry the case to the highest courts. We already pay an excise tax of 15 percent, and the present tax is a burden that we do not intend to carry. It is simply double taxation," said Mr. Duvall.

"I present there is no need of a mass meeting to protest against the law, as the Commissioners already know that we do not like it. When the first arrest is made we will start our fight, and until then we do not intend to do anything."

"We thought that the matter had been passed up," said one dealer yesterday, "but it seems that the Commissioners thought they would put it over quick, and maybe we would not notice it. Such will not be the case, I assure you, and we will fight it to the last ditch."

"If the Commissioners think that they can enact a law that hits only half of the people who are engaged in the same sort of business they are mistaken. As soon as we hear that the Commissioners had issued the announcement yesterday we engaged legal talent to see that we get a square deal, and we mean to have it."

CHARACTERIZED AS "JOKE"

Charges Against Army Officers Absurd, Says Gen. Alechire.

Charges that army officers were guilty of the constant and flagrant use of public property for private ends, as printed in Washington newspapers yesterday, were characterized as absurd by Quartermaster General James B. Alechire, of the War Department, last night.

The sensational statement sets forth that "a mere cursory examination into the matter at Washington has revealed a condition of affairs that is startling to any one not conversant with what is going on under the War Department, and showing the moral sense of right-minded men."

In discussing the affair last night Gen. Alechire said that it was most likely the work of some disgruntled or disappointed office-seeker, and was without a word of truth. He said the whole affair was a "joke" and without sense or reason.

Eight Drowned in Thames.

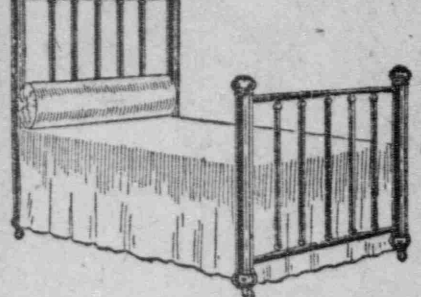
Gravesend, England, Nov. 30.—Eight persons lost their lives early to-day when the bark Gratitude collided with a coal-carrying vessel in the Thames River. A big hole was rammed in the Gratitude's side and she sank in two minutes. Two of her crew were rescued with great difficulty.

Chess Master Greeted.

Frank J. Marshall, the American chess champion, was given a reception by some of the chess experts of the Metropolitan Club last evening, but did not engage any of them in battle. The evening was purely social.

Only 40 Days Left.

This Entire \$50,000 Stock of Medium and High Grade Furniture, Rugs and Bedding to Be Closed Out Regardless of Cost.



Full double-size Brass Beds, with massive 2-inch posts and good lacquer. Closing out price.....\$7.75

D. Wilfong & Son's No. 114 Quartered Oak Buffet. Closing out price.....\$12.75

50-lb. Felt Mattresses—genuine layer felt—guaranteed. Regular price, \$13.50. Closing out price.....\$7.95

45-lb. well-made Felt Mattresses, that sell regularly at \$8.50.....\$5.00

The Celebrated National Spring—sold everywhere for \$4. Closing out price.....\$2.00

The firm of Norris & Rich is retiring from business, and these goods MUST be sold. In order to insure a quick clearance

EVERYTHING HAS BEEN MARKED AT COST AND LESS.

That you may convince yourself that this is the greatest money-saving opportunity for buying furniture ever offered you, and means not merely the saving of the usual 50 per cent to 100 per cent dealers' profit, but a part of the cost besides, we invite you to write down the manufacturer's name and number of any pieces that interest you and compare these sale prices with what others charge. Every piece of furniture bears the manufacturer's name and number, and no reputable dealer will refuse to let you see them if their prices are right. It is impossible to make genuine comparisons otherwise.

These few prices we mention will show you the kind of values we are offering:

Hall & Lyon Furniture Co.'s No. 1020 Solid Mahogany Dressing Tables; only 2 left. Closing out price.....\$34.50

Finest quality 116-warp China Matting; closing out price, per yard.....25c

60 designs in high-grade Olecloth, 1, 1 1/2, and 2 yard widths. Never sold anywhere for less than 35c. Closing out price.....27c yd.

Hartford Carpet Co.'s 10-wire Tapes—try Brussels Carpets, made and laid. Closing out price, per yard.....59c

Highest grade Printed Linoleums, that sell regularly at 75c and 85c. Closing out price.....45c yd.

High-grade Inlaid Linoleum, that sells ordinarily at \$1.50. Closing out price.....\$1.10 yd.

A large assortment of Rockers in mahogany, golden oak and early English, with wood or leather seats; many Desk Chairs; all kinds of Writing Desks, Music Cabinets, Morris Chairs, and other things suitable for Christmas presents are offered at cost and less.

Norris & Rich, 1013-1015 Seventh St. N. W.

D. B. HILL'S ESTATE GOES TO PROTEGES

Will to Be Filed for Probate in a Day or Two.

New York, Nov. 30.—The will of David Bennett Hill is to be offered for probate in Albany in a day or two, under the direction of Judge Alton B. Parker, a life-long friend of Mr. Hill. The estate which he left is an evidence that Mr. Hill made no attempt to accumulate a fortune through his political activities.

Aside from Wolfers Roost, which Mr. Hill purchased from the Fritz Emmett estate, when he made his home in Albany, after retiring from the United States Senate in 1887, Mr. Hill left a personal estate of \$50,000, including the furnishings in Wolfers Roost, and the equipment of his law offices, about \$10,000 in cash, and in the neighborhood of \$10,000 in New York City bonds.

Mr. Hill in his lifetime had several offers for Wolfers Roost. The lowest offer was \$150,000 and the highest offer \$200,000. None of these offers would Mr. Hill consider for a moment. After he purchased the property from the widow of Fritz Emmett, Mr. Hill enlarged the grounds considerably by purchase until the property embraced thirty-six acres, including a three-acre artificial lake. The property is on the edge of the city limits and is assessed at \$36,000.

Mr. Hill's living expenses in recent years, including the maintenance of Wolfers Roost, amounted to about \$5,000 a year, and it was necessary for him to make this money every year practicing law, as he had no other source of income. This, however, was a small value to him at \$300,000, figuring Wolfers Roost at \$150,000 and the personal property at \$50,000.

Senator Hill's brother, Dr. Alonzo Hill, who is a practicing physician in Missouri and is well known in the State, and two nephews and two nieces are between them left \$100,000. The balance is divided equally between two proteges of Senator Hill, Dr. Harvey S. Pearce and Peter N. Manwiler.

LEWIS TRACED TO PARIS.

Suspect in Trunk Mystery Went There Last Year.

New York, Nov. 30.—William Lewis, the trunk murder mystery suspect, has been traced to Paris, it was learned to-day. In 1909 he is known to have been working in a town near New York.

After leaving this position, he declared he was going to Pittsburgh, but later changed his plans and went to Paris. The Parisian police are searching for him.

No matter whether you have a single, double or navel rupture or one following an operation, my Method is an absolute cure. No matter what your age or how long your rupture, my Method will certainly cure you. I especially want to send it free to those apparently hopeless cases where all forms of trusses, treatments and operations have failed. I want to show everyone my own experience, that my Method will end all rupture suffering and true-wearing for all time. This means better health, increased physical ability and longer life. My free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin your cure at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it to-day.

FREE TO THE RUPTURED

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Operation, Pain, Danger or Loss of Time.

I have a new Method that cures rupture and I want you to use it at my expense. I am not trying to sell you a Truss, but offer you a cure that stays cured and ends all true-wearing and danger of strangulation forever.

No matter whether you have a single, double or navel rupture or one following an operation, my Method is an absolute cure. No matter what your age or how long your rupture, my Method will certainly cure you. I especially want to send it free to those apparently hopeless cases where all forms of trusses, treatments and operations have failed. I want to show everyone my own experience, that my Method will end all rupture suffering and true-wearing for all time. This means better health, increased physical ability and longer life. My free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin your cure at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it to-day.

RIGHT LEFT

Mark location of Rupture on Diagram and mail to:

DR. W. S. RIDE

210 Main St., Adams, N. Y.

Age.....

Time ruptured.....

Cause of Rupture.....

Name.....

Address.....

NAVAL HERO LOCATED.

William Spurrier, of Anderson, Ind., Will Get Life-saving Reward.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 30.—William Spurrier, for whom inquiry has been made by the father of Lieut. M. E. Smith, of the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, in order that he might reward him for saving the life of his son, has been found at 223 East Lyne street, this city, and will at once communicate with the father, who lives at 314 Pennsylvania avenue, New York City.

Spurrier is married, and is employed in a factory. He says it is true that he saved the life of Lieut. Smith, but not from drowning, as first reported. Spurrier caught Smith as he was about to jump into machinery in the hull of the Pennsylvania and saved him from certain death.

In doing so Spurrier's arm was broken and he was otherwise painfully hurt. He expected no reward, and was surprised by the inquiry of Smith's father, who is said to be a wealthy retired merchant.

The meeting was held behind closed doors, and the only official statement of the proceedings was given out by Judge Gary, chairman of the board of the United States Steel Corporation, some time after the conference was over. The statement said:

"Representatives of about 40 per cent of the manufacturers of steel in America met. It was stated that on the average of all branches the bookings are about 50 per cent of capacity and the shipments somewhat in excess. There has been a slight, though marked, increase of daily bookings, month by month since the 1st of August."

"Prices as a rule are well maintained, though in some lines, as usual, there is some cutting on the part of small producers who were not represented. Without exception the views expressed by those present regarding the future were favorable. Also, each one voiced the opinion that present prices are fair and reasonable, and should not be changed."

"For some time past purchasing by railroad companies has been very much below normal, but it is the consensus of the opinion that there will be an increase in the near future. The amount of daily bookings at the present time is about equal to the capacity of the mills ten years ago."

"The disposition of the manufacturers of steel to co-operate, so far as it is proper, remains unchanged."

"And yet there are many people in the world who think that I should be interested in aeroplanes, and they seem to have the impression that if they keep at it long enough I will become interested. Every morning I get a stack of letters a foot high from aeroplane cranks who are worrying me about it, because I have neglected to manifest an interest in aviation. They offer suggestions and want my help in working out their problems."

"I admit that I have a little patent along the aeroplane line, but please don't say much about it, for really I have too much to do to become interested in the navigation of the air. It is a simple little thing that I sent along to Washington with some other patents a long time ago."

Briefly describing the invention consists of a basket hung on a vertical shaft, on the upper end of which revolve box kites or other form of aeroplanes at sufficient speed to lift the whole affair. It's chief merit is that the center of gravity being low keeps the machine in automatic balance.

"They say I am an atheist," said the inventor, taking up the other theme. "Well, I am not, never have been; never said I was. Those people who have called me one have not read what I said. I believe in a supreme intelligence, but I have grave doubts whether the good folks who are going to be rescued from their graves to go to some beautiful shining place up aloft. Don't see it; can't understand it, and neither can these ministers of fashionable churches. They don't even say what they think. Often they don't even think. It is all business with them."

SCENE IN LE BLANC CASE.

Attorney Accuses Murdered Man's Wife of His Death.

Boston, Nov. 30.—In the trial of Hattie Le Blanc for the murder of Clarence Le Glover, of Waltham, at East Cambridge, Judge Bond to-day ruled out the statements made by Glover shortly before he decided that Hattie had shot him, on the ground that the wounded man was not apprehensive of death when he made them. Counsel for the girl declared that Mrs. Lillian Glover, widow of the dead man, was concerned in the murder.

Mrs. Glover took the witness stand, and some of her statements were in direct contradiction of those made by Dr. N. W. Conner, owner of the hospital where Glover died. Melvin Johnson, senior counsel for Hattie, made an attack upon the widow, in which he declared Mrs. Glover was a vampire, that she intended to kill her husband, that she had the motive for the murder, that she had formed a plan for the murder, that she had the physical capacity to carry out her design, that she had the revolver, and also had the opportunity to carry out her design.

PRICES OF STEEL NOT TO BE CHANGED

Manufacturers Satisfied with Outlook in the Trade.

New York, Nov. 30.—Representatives of practically all of the steel manufacturing companies in the United States met in the Railroad Club in the Hudson Terminal Building to-day and discussed prices of steel products, curtailment of output, the outlook for business from the railroads, the chances of further cutting of prices, the prospect of tariff revision, and other propositions pertinent to the general readjustment of business affairs now under way.

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BOY THIEVES ON PROBATION

Lads Stole Newspapers and Bottles of Milk.

Judge DeLacy Reprimands Prisoners, Who Promise to Be Good Boys Hereafter.

Arraigned in Juvenile Court on the charge of stealing copies of The Washington Herald and a bottle of milk, Robert, fourteen years old, of 1254 C street southwest, and John Crawford, thirteen years old, of 3013 Thirteenth street southwest, were placed on six months' probation by Judge DeLacy Monday. The sentence means that the lads will be under the surveillance of the Board of Children's Guardians for that length of time, and that they must report every two weeks to Judge DeLacy.

Judge DeLacy does not believe he will have occasion to reprimand the boys again, as they not only confessed their guilt in the theft of the milk and newspaper, but cried real tears of mortification because they had brought disgrace on their parents.

The boys said the theft was the first they ever committed, and they promised not to repeat the offense. It was in a spirit of mischief, they said, that they took the milk and newspapers, which they found in the vestibule of the Fairfax apartment, fourteenth years old, of 1254 C street southwest, and John Crawford, thirteen years old, of 3013 Thirteenth street southwest, were placed on six months' probation by Judge DeLacy Monday.

The janitor who saw them did not realize that the boys were only enjoying a little prank, and he told the police of the Fourth precinct, with the result that Policeman Roberts, a short while later, took the lads into custody.

Funeral of Mrs. Ann Warfield.

Rockville, Md., Nov. 30.—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Warfield, widow of William H. Warfield, who died at her home, in Rockville, Sunday night, aged eighty-seven years, took place this morning from her late residence, a large gathering attending. Rev. S. R. White, of the Rockville Baptist Church, conducted the services, and interment was in Rockville Union Cemetery.

It is claimed that a spring chicken can be brought electrically at a cost of 25 cents.

TO-DAY IN HISTORY.

The First Typewriter—December 1.

December, like the three preceding months, derives its name from the place which it held in the old Roman calendar, where the year was divided nominally only into ten months, with the insertion of supplementary days, to complete the period required for a revolution of the earth around the sun.

In allusion to the practice of lighting fires this month for the purpose of warmth, and the consequent inconvenience which resulted, Martial applied to it the epithet of "furnus" or "smoky." He also characterizes it as "canus" or "hoary," from the snows which then overspread the country. By the ancient Saxons December was styled "winter month" or "winter month," a term which, after their conversion to Christianity, was changed to "belgh month" or "holy month," from the anniversary which occurs in it of the birth of Christ.

Among the modern Germans, December is still, from this circumstance, distinguished by the epithet of "Christmonat." On December 1, 1829, the first American typewriter, called a typographer, was patented, although records show that a patent was secured on a typewriter in England as early as 1794. The first machines were very crude affairs, and but little attention was given to them. A. E. Beach was the first of the American inventors to set the type bars in a vertical position around a horizontal brass wheel, and inventor S. W. Fraleigh added the pianoforte action.

Christopher Latham Sholes must be credited with being the father of the typewriter as we know it. It was while he was a collector of customs in Milwaukee, in 1866, that he became interested with an old friend, Soule, in making a machine for consecutive numbering especially on bank notes and on the pages of blank books, when his attention was directed to an article in an English journal regarding writing by mechanism and devised by John Pratt.

With a quick intuition he saw the possibilities of a revolution in the handling of the pen. From that moment he devoted his whole time and thought to the idea, which has given to the world the typewriter as we know it.

In 1867 his first crude instrument was made, and from that on he worked steadily in its perfection until 1873, and lived to see the work of his genius accepted throughout the world and to hear the pleasing compliment rendered him that he was "the father of the typewriter." He died in Milwaukee in 1890.

Mr. Sholes was born in Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and his grandmother was a descendant of John Alden. The rapid growth of the use of the typewriter is noteworthy. In the early eighties its use became general in all departments of the government except the Department of State. It was first used for instructions to diplomatic and consular office in 1885. The official communications of the department to diplomatic officers of foreign countries were

first executed upon the typewriter in 1887. Ceremonial letters addressed to sovereigns are still handwritten.

December 1, 1705, the stamp act was repealed by the British; 1789 the guillotine was first used in Paris; 1777 Baron Steuben arrived at Portland from Germany and tendered his services to the United States; the habeas corpus act was restored in the United States in 1865, and in 1878 the great fire occurred in New Orleans. To-day is the birthday of Albert Barnes, clergyman and author (1788); Francis Granger, Postmaster General under Harrison (1793); Queen Alexandra of England (1844), and William H. Holmes, celebrated ethnologist (1846). It is the date of the death of Henry I of England (1135); Pope Leo X (1521); Alexander I, Emperor of Russia (1825); and Ebenezer Elliott, English poet (1849).

AUTOMOBILE NEWS.

The five-mile records of Barney Oldfield was lowered 14.5 seconds by Joe Nikrent in a Giant Knox. The time was 3:50.2-5.

The Pacific Coast Motor Racing Association, fostered by Oldfield, will revive dirt track racing on December 10 and 11. Oldfield's being ordered out by the A. A. A. will make this an "outlaw" meet.

Chic Thomas has accepted W. J. Sublette's challenge for a five-mile motor race at Electric Park, Baltimore. Each will use identical machines of the same horsepower and piston displacement.

Rain, snow, and mud made the endurance contest at New York a real test. The weather was, nevertheless, considered ideal for the real object of the race in that it was a test for the cars under the worst weather. Only two cars failed to finish.

EVIDENCE IN SCRAP BASKET.

Dr. Marchant Gets Divorce After Finding Torn Letters.

Special to The Washington Herald. Baltimore, Md., Nov. 30.—Dr. John H. Marchant, a dentist, was to-day granted an absolute divorce on a cross bill from Anna W. Marchant, to whom he was married August 5, 1886, at Towson. Dr. Marchant names four men, A. D. Shrewsbury, of Washington; Walter R. Jenson, of this city; George O. Johnson, a Pittsburg traveling man, and H. Alfred Hood, of Washington. Dr. Marchant said that when he was compelled to suspect his wife, he investigated and secured evidence. He found a letter which she had torn up and thrown in a scrap basket, a number of letters not torn, some in rhyme of a spicy character, and a number of other things.

Tommy-Pop, what do we mean by the trust of society? Tommy-Pop-The trust of society, my son, is composed of those who have the dough.

What to Do for a Sickly Child--Trial Free

Many a Mother Has Written Thanks After Following These Suggestions.

It has always been a mooted question just what to do with an ailing child, for mothers disagree and few doctors specialize in it. But this much is certain, that in the majority of cases faulty bowel movement is at the bottom of the trouble.

The first thing, then, to do with a complaining child is to give it a laxative, not a mere fruit-stew or such things, but a genuine, scientific laxative. Many are recommended but few have been found worthy. Among the latter none stands out more prominently than Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which mothers in all parts of the country have used for a generation.

It can be obtained at any drugist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle. No child will refuse it, as it is not a bad-tasting and violent cathartic pill, but a mild, gentle, non-gripping liquid. It has also tonic properties that strengthen and tone the little stomach and bowel muscles so that they begin to do their work naturally again. Mrs. Ella N. Williams, of Wathena, Kans., and Mrs. Emma Blakenship, of Bedford, Ind., always give their children Syrup Pepsin.

If you hesitate to get even a fifty cent bottle and do not care to ask your neighbor about it (who probably is a user of Syrup Pepsin), then write Dr. Caldwell and he will cheerfully send you a sample bottle free of charge, and in this way you can make a test without personal cost. Simply send your name and address to the doctor. A great many thousand mothers have had a free sample